

[View PDF](#)

[Download full issue](#)

Search ScienceDirect



Cited by (7)



Toxicology Reports

Volume 8, 2021, Pages 1324-1335



Recommended articles

No articles found.

Article Metrics

Citations

Citation Indexes

7

Captures

Mendeley Readers

64

Mentions

Blog Mentions

16

News Mentions

29

Social Media

Shares, Likes & Comments

4319



[View details](#)

# REMOVED: Vaccines and sudden infant death: An analysis of the VAERS database 1990–2019 and review of the medical literature

Neil Z. Miller

Show more

[+](#) Add to Mendeley [🔗](#) Share [🗒](#) Cite

<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.toxrep.2021.06.020>

Under a Creative Commons [license](#)

Open access

Referred to by [Removal notice to “Vaccines and sudden infant death: An analysis of the VAERS database 1990–2019 and review of the medical literature”...](#)

Toxicology Reports, Volume 16, June 2026, Pages 102250

Neil Z. Miller

[View PDF](#)

This article has been removed: please see Elsevier Policy on Article Withdrawal (<https://www.elsevier.com/about/policies-and-standards/article-withdrawal>).

This article has been removed at the request of the Editor-in-Chief.

Following post-publication concerns raised by readers regarding potential research errors and methodological flaws in this article, the journal initiated an investigation and contacted the author for clarification.

The Editor-in-Chief determined that the author's response did not satisfactorily address the concerns raised about this article. In particular, serious methodological flaws were identified in the use of VAERS data to infer a correlation between vaccination and sudden infant death syndrome (SIDS). Given the inherent limitations of passive reporting systems, including the expected temporal clustering of events independent of causality, the conclusions presented in the article are not supported by the methodology employed. In light of these concerns, and given the potential implications for medical practice, the Editor-in-Chief has decided that the article should be removed. The author disagrees with this decision and disputes the grounds for removal.

Apologies are offered to the readers of the journal.

[<](#) Previous article in issue

Next article in issue [>](#)

Cited by (7)

[Infertility: A common target of antivaccine misinformation campaigns](#)

2024, Vaccine

*Citation Excerpt :*

...Before the pandemic, misinformation about childhood vaccines encompassed a wide variety of false claims, the most well-known of which was the claim that vaccines, particularly measles-mumps-rubella (MMR) vaccines, cause “autistic enterocolitis” [3,4] and autism. Other misinformation ranged from claims that the vaccines cause neurological injury, to claims of vaccine-induced metabolic disorders, infertility, and even sudden death [5,6]. Unsurprisingly, many of these claims have been resurrected to be applied to COVID-19 vaccines, in particular the claim that these vaccines cause infertility....

[Show abstract](#)

[An Ecological Study on the Mortality Impact of the COVID-19 Pandemic According to Country Development Status and Pandemic Years](#)

2026, Epidemiologia

[The Immature Infant Liver: Cytochrome P450 Enzymes and their Relevance to Vaccine Safety and SIDS Research](#)

2025, International Journal of Medical Sciences

[The Psychology of Misinformation Across the Lifespan](#)

2024, Annual Review of Developmental Psychology

[Adverse Events Following Immunization- The Known Unknowns and Black Box: Based on 10th Dr. I. C. Verma Excellence Award for Young Pediatricians Delivered as Oration on 9th Oct. 2022](#)

2023, Indian Journal of Pediatrics

[Usefulness of Vaccine Adverse Event Reporting System for Machine-Learning Based Vaccine Research: A Case Study for COVID-19 Vaccines](#)

2022, International Journal of Molecular Sciences

[>](#) View all citing articles on Scopus

© 2021 The Author(s). Published by Elsevier B.V.